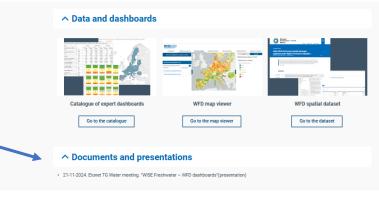
### NOTE TO USERS

We intend to present the WISE FW WFD dashboards live in the meeting, so the slides on this topic in this file provide links for later use, as well as a back up in case of issues on the day.

You can find these slides at: <u>https://water.europa.eu/freshwater/europe-</u> <u>freshwater/water-framework-directive</u> (under "Documents and presentations")





#### Disclaime

The "E1/27" charts, tables and maps for the 3rd River Basin Management Plans show the data for Member States that had reported electronically to the EEA by 29th July 2024: Austria, Belgium, Croatia, Czechia, Demark, Estonia, France, Germany, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Stowiak, Spain and Sweden. Norwy has also reported.

The pages will be updated with data from countries which report later in due course.



# Eionet TG Water WISE Freshwater – WFD dashboards

Caroline Whalley, Silvia Dalla Costa, Jorgen Olsen, Fernanda Nery / Eionet TG Water/ 21-11-24

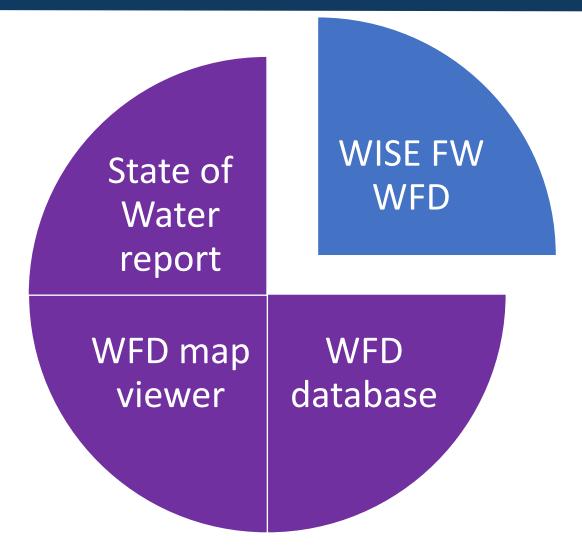


- EEA products are based on electronically reported data
- Countries included in 3<sup>rd</sup> RBMP \* (ie EU-27) are AT, BE, CZ, DK, EE, EL, ES, FR, DE, HR, IT, LT, LU, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE and SK. NO data also available in the dashboards.

 Although Europe's State of Water 2024 assessment has been published, countries can still report 3<sup>rd</sup> RBMP electronically to EEA, results will be updated in the dashboards.



# EEA's package of products around the 3<sup>rd</sup> RBMP reporting





# **WISE Freshwater mission and objectives**

### **Jointly owned and managed by EEA-EC** (DG Env)

**One of the "ISEs"** (Freshwater, Marine, Biodiversity) Information Systems for Europe

# EU reference gateway to search, access and retrieve:

- "Freshwater" data collected in the context of the water **policies / reporting** obligations
- Data, information and knowledge about the **status** of our the fresh/ground water environment
- **Results of assessments** on environmental policies effectiveness

66 WISE-Freshwater is a gateway for searching, accessing, retrieving and understanding data and information on the environmental status and policy assessments of the European fresh waters



aquatic environmen

In the spotligh



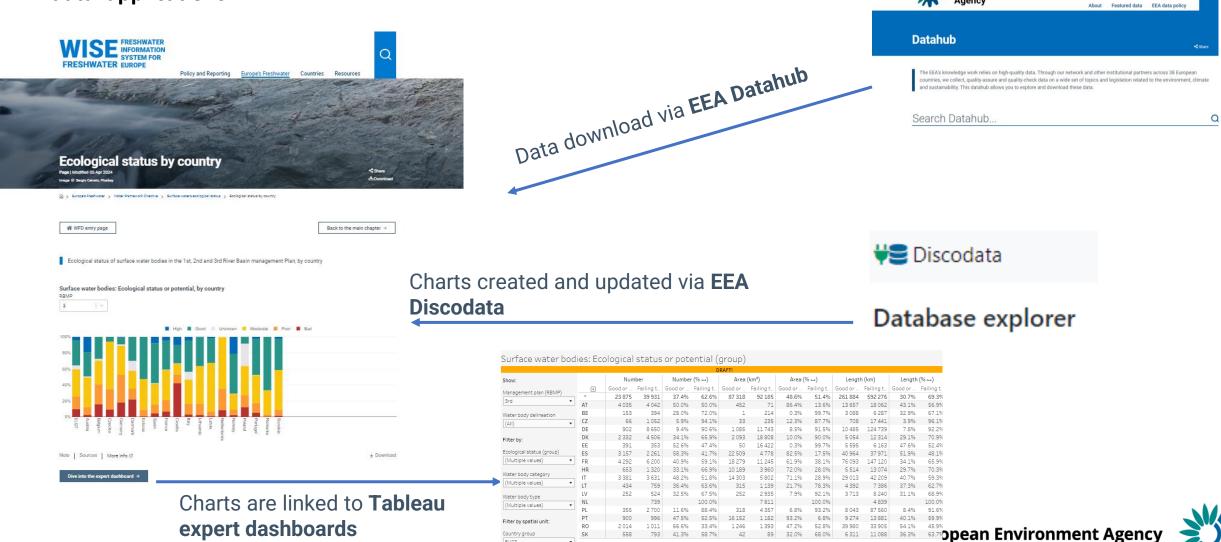
What are the main challenges for European freshwaters'



"

# **WISE Freshwater is**

 Fully integrated with the EEA web design and part of the EEA IT and data applications



Country

River basin district (RBD)

1) River basin districts and sub-units according to the latest reported data

2) 'Unchanged' water bodies are water bodies that have not been redelineated since first reported.

B) For river water bodies, the size value is the length (km). For other water body categories, the size value is the area (km<sup>2</sup>)

European

Agency

Environment Datahub

# Water Framework Directive data through WISE Freshwater

WISE Freshwater WFD



(2) Surge's Preshrater - Water Planteriork Directive

Surface waters chemical status Modified 14 Oct 2024 Image () Sergio Carrano. Picabag

D 3 Europek Prechmener 3 Wester Premiework Directive 3 Surface visiters chemical status



#### This section is dedicated to the Water Framework Directive and presents the results on the status and pressures on groundwater and surface waters in Europe, based on data reported electronically to EEA for River Basin Management Plans. The results provide an overview at EU, Member State and River Basin District level.



is in good

chemical status

Discover more +



Diserver more +

3.8 million Km2 groundwater area are under pressure from changes to was monitored for the natural flow and physical features **3rd River Basin Management Plans** 

Discover more +



29%

of surface waters

are in good chemical status

Country

EU27

WFD entry page

The Water Framework Directive (WFD) requires assessment of the chemical status of surface waters. Assessment is based on a list of priority substances. EU-wide standards are set for these substances. If concentrations exceed the standard in a water body, the water body fails to meet good chemical status.

 The Water Pramework Directive reduires that all water bodies be in good status by 2015, or at the latest by 2027. Chemical status in the Water Framework Directive refers to the guality of water in terms of its chemical composition. - Good status represents the water body condition being as it would be with little or no human impact. · Furthermore, the assessment of surface waters also includes ecological status.

Chemical status of surface water bodies in the 3rd River Basin Management Plan

In Europe (EU-27), around 29% of surface water bodies currently reported (2022) are in good chemical status.

A large proportion of surface waters fail to meet good chemical status. This mainly owes to widespread pollution by mercury and brominated diphenyl ethers (fiame retardants).

This chart shows the proportion of surface waters in good, failing to achieve good, and unknown chemical status for the EU-27 or selected country.

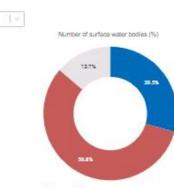


Table of contents

Ecological status in surface waters

< Share

#### Surface waters chemical status ~

Chemical status by country

Priority substances causing failure to good chemical status

Ecological and chemical status





Good Failing to achieve good Unknown

# Water Framework Directive data through WISE Freshwater

water.europa.eu/freshwater/europe-freshwater/water-framework-directive/



Access data through https://discodata.eea. europa.eu/ WISE\_WFD > latest Link to all expert dashboards

#### Disclaimer

The "EU-27" charts, tables and maps for the 3rd River Basin Management Plans show the data for Member States that had reported electronically to the EEA by 29th July 2024 : Austria, Belgium, Croatia, Czechia, Denmark, Estonia, France, Germany, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Spain and Sweden. Norway has also reported.

The pages will be updated with data from countries which report later in due course.

Read more on content and methodology

**European Environment Agency** 

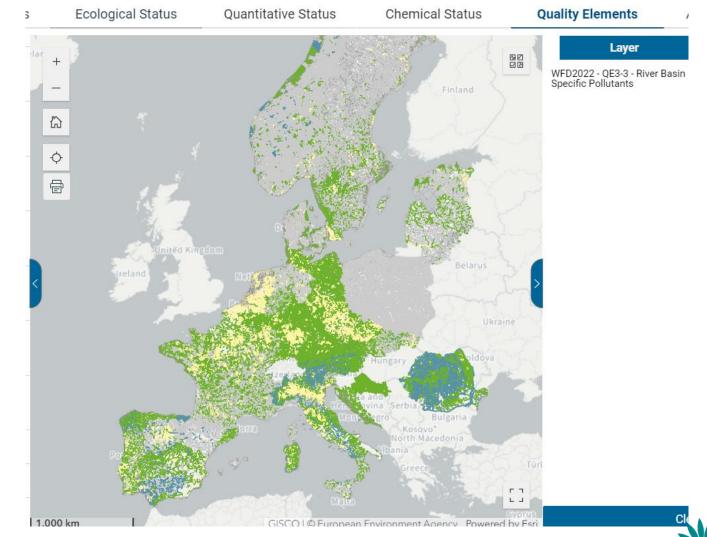


# Water Framework Directive mapviewer

### Welcome to the WISE Freshwater Map Viewer

Use the map viewer to explore European spatial datasets related to river basin districts and sub-units, surface water bodies, groundwater bodies, monitoring sites and other information related to freshwater.

The datasets are categorised by topic (e.g. Reference datasets, Ecological status, Chemical status, etc.).





## Topics (or Table of contents)





# Ecological status in surface waters

Modified 18 Oct 2024

Image © Sergio Cerrato. Pixabay

Europe's Freshwater > Water Framework Directive > Ecological status in surface waters

☆ WFD entry page



37% of surface waters are in good or better ecological status The Water Framework Directive requires assessment of the ecological status of surface waters. This is an expression of the quality of the structure and functioning of the water body. It shows the combined impact of pressures such as pollution, habitat degradation and climate change.

- The Water Framework Directive requires that all water bodies be in good status by 2015, or at the latest by 2027. Good
  or high status represents the water body condition being as it would be with little or no human impact.
- Ecological Status in the Water Framework Directive refers to the overall health of water bodies, including rivers, lakes, and coastal waters, based on the condition of their ecosystems. The directive aims to ensure that all water bodies achieve good ecological status
- · Furthermore, the assessment of surface waters includes chemical status.



< Share

### Table of contents

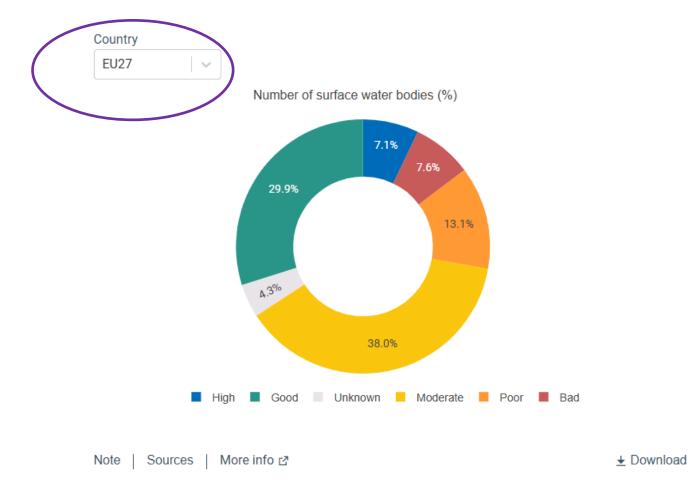
Ecological status of surface water bodies in the 3rd River Basin Management Plan

### Ecological status of surface water bodies in the 3rd River Basin Management Plan

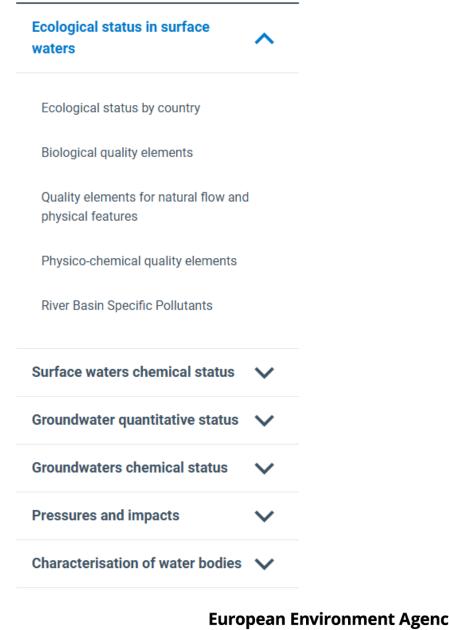
In Europe (EU-27) around 37% of the surface water bodies are reported in good or high ecological status.

A large proportion of surface waters fail to meet good ecological status. Several parameters are included in the assessment of good status, including biological quality, pollutants, consideration of the natural flow and physical features (see the dedicated pages available from the menu on the right).

Failure of just one of these means that it is not possible to achieve good ecological status.



### Table of contents



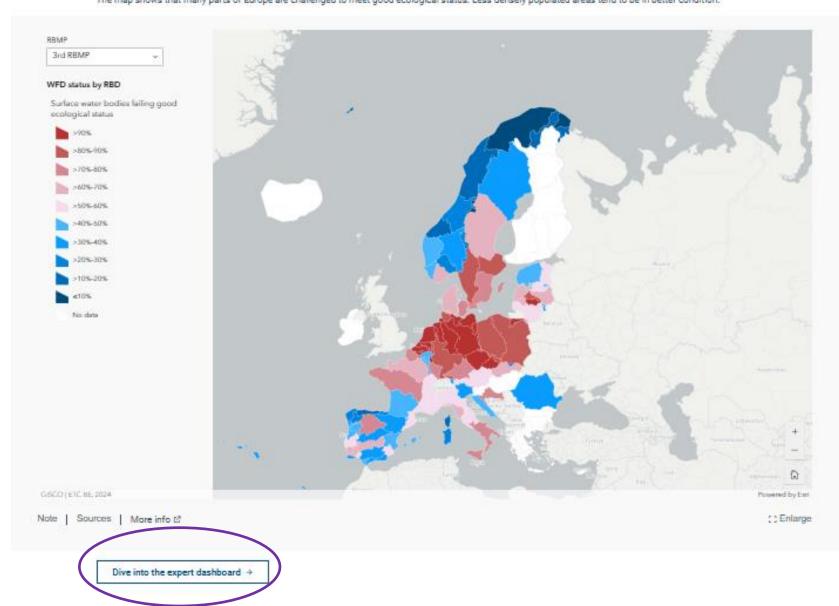


### Ecological-status-of-surface-water

#### Ecological status in surface waters

This map shows the ecological status across Europe at River Basin District level. It shows the share of surface waters achieving good status. Blue river basins are those where the share of surface waters in good status is greater than 50%, whereas those coloured red are where the share in good status is less than 50%.

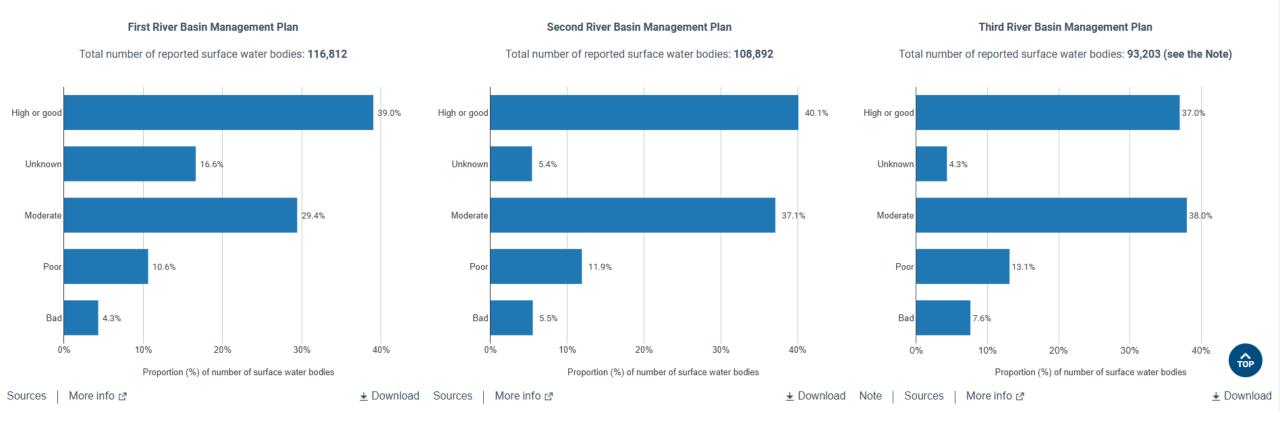
A map showing ecological status in 1st, 2nd or 3rd River Basin Management Plans can be selected through the drop down menu at the top left. The map shows that many parts of Europe are challenged to meet good ecological status. Less densely populated areas tend to be in better condition.



Surface water bodies achieving or failing to achieve a good ecological status 1st, 2nd and 3rd RBMP



### **Ecological status development between River Basin Management Plans, EU-27**





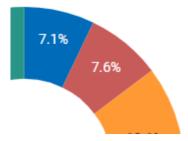
### odies in the 3rd River Basin Management Plan

vater bodies are reported in good or high ecological status.

eet good ecological status. Several parameters are included ological quality, pollutants, consideration of the natural pages available from the menu on the right).

t possible to achieve good ecological status.

e water bodies (%)



### Table of contents



Quality elements for natural flow and physical features

Physico-chemical quality elements

**River Basin Specific Pollutants** 



### Status of biological quality elements, all surface water body categories

High

Good

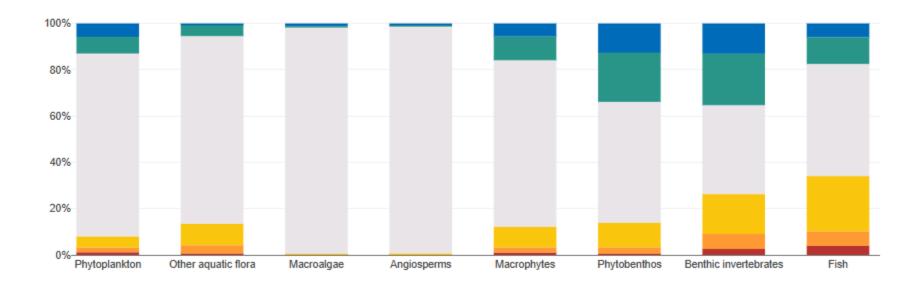
The chart shows the status of biological quality elements for all surface waters (rivers, lakes, transitional and coastal waters combined) by number of water bodies. It is possible to select 1st, 2nd or 3rd river basin management plan (RBMP).

Angiosperms (sea grass) and macro algae are only assessed in transitional and coastal waters, as they are not present in rivers and lakes. Fish are not monitored in coastal waters.

There is a high proportion of unknown status. In 3rd RBMP, the most frequently assessed biological quality elements are phytobenthos, benthic invertebrates and fish.

Unknown Moderate Poor Bad





Note | Sources | More info d

Dive into the expert dashboard →

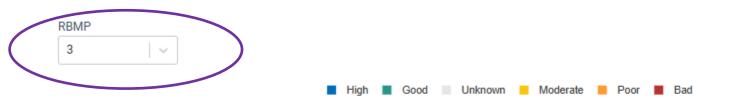


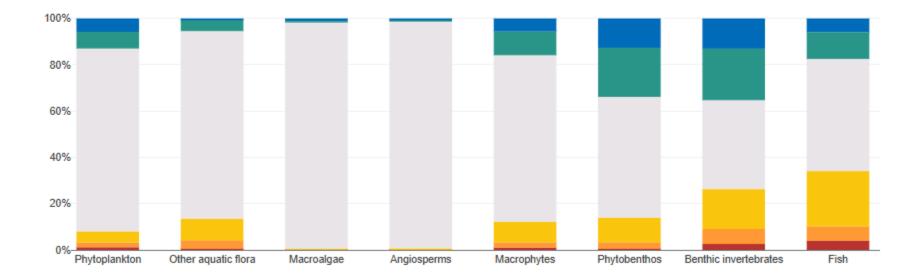
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There is a high proportion of unknown status. In 3rd RBMP, the most frequently assessed biological quality elements are phytobenthos, benthic invertebrates and fish.





 Note
 Sources
 More info ⊡

 Dive into the expert dashboard →



# Surface water bodies: quality elements status [table]

Dashboard | Modified 10 Oct 2024

Show:

1 C A 11 A

Resources > WISE Freshwater resource catalogue > Water Framework Directive experts da... > Surface water bodies: quality elements... 6

The tabular dashboard shows the different surface water bodies' quality elements, required for assessing their overall ecological status. Several filters allow the user to explore the data such as: quality elements, water body types and categories, RBMP cycle, at country, EU27 and "All" countries level.

Send your feedback  $\rightarrow$ 

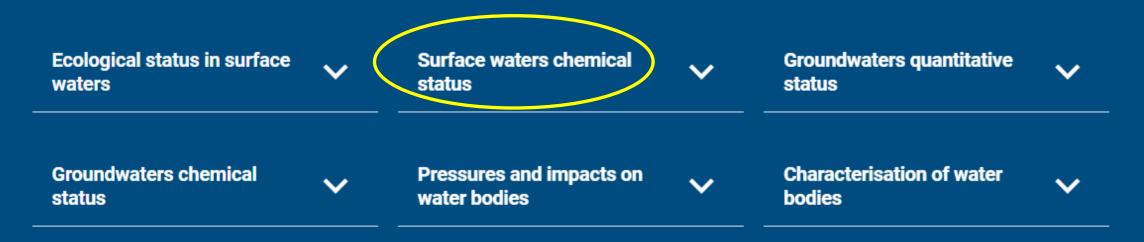
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📩 Download

Management plan (RBMP)	Surfa	ace water bodies:	QE1 - B	Biologi	cal qua	lity ele	ments	status				
3rd 🔹	Number											
	RBMP	Quality element	High	Good	Modera	Poor	Bad	High	Good	Modera	Poor	Bad
Measure	3rd	QE1-1 - Phytoplankton	2 4 1 1	3 0 3 0	2 0 0 5	885	507	27%	34%	23%	10%	696
Number 🔹		QE1-2 - Other aquatic flora	222	2 2 0 9	4112	1655	223	3%	26%	49%	20%	3%
Water body delineation		QE1-2-1 - Macroalgae	351	243	102	46	10	4796	32%	1496	6%	196
(AII) •		QE1-2-2 - Angiosperms	182	278	129	72	27	26%	40%	1996	10%	496
		QE1-2-3 - Macrophytes	3 831	6 9 9 5	6 0 0 4	1557	676	20%	37%	3196	8%	496
Filter by:		QE1-2-4 - Phytobenthos	9 833	16476	8189	2 240	336	27%	44%	22%	6%	196
Parent quality element (note 4)		QE1-3 - Benthic invertebr	11 405	19450	15060	5 670	2 256	21%	36%	28%	11%	496
QE1 - Biological quality el 🔻		QE1-4 - Fish	5 0 4 6	9571	19 569	5143	3 282	1296	22%	46%	12%	8%
Quality element	count	Quality element	High	Good	Modera	Poor	Bad	High	Good	Modera	Poor	Bad

**Biological** quality elements dashboard

# Topics (or Table of contents)





# Surface waters chemical status

Modified 17 Oct 2024

Image © Sergio Cerrato. Pixabay

> Europe's Freshwater > Water Framework Directive > Surface waters chemical status

### WFD entry page



30% of **surface waters** are in **good** chemical status The Water Framework Directive (WFD) requires assessment of the chemical status of surface waters. Assessment is based on a list of priority substances. EU-wide standards are set for these substances. If concentrations exceed the standard in a water body, the water body fails to meet good chemical status.

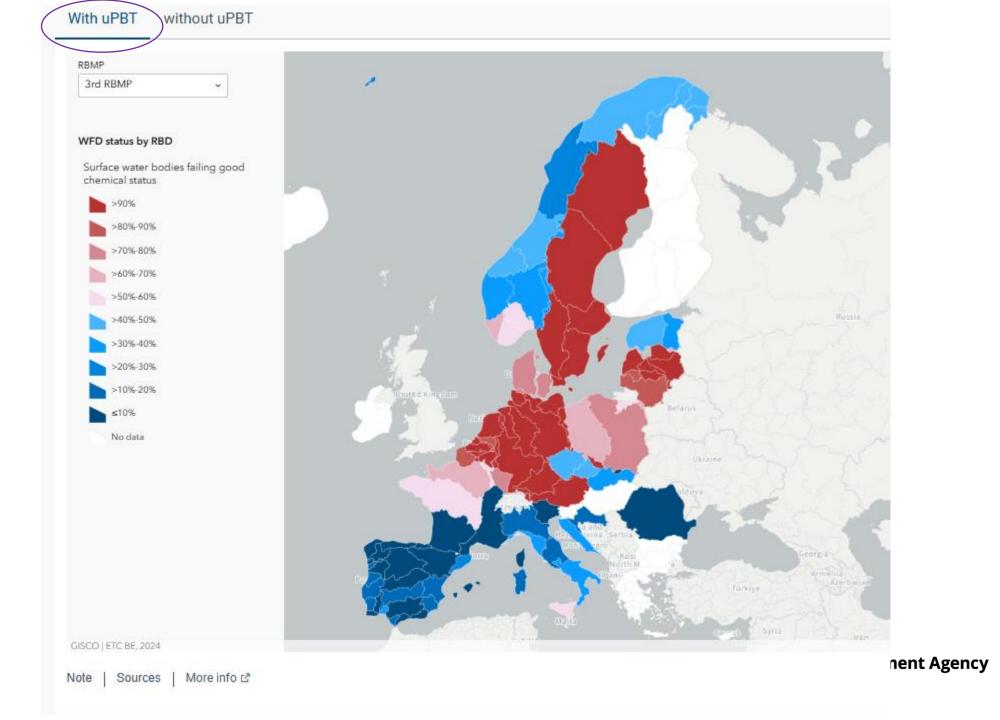
- The Water Framework Directive requires that all water bodies be in good status by 2015, or at the latest by 2027.
- Chemical status in the Water Framework Directive refers to the quality of water in terms of its chemical composition.
- · Good status represents the water body condition being as it would be with little or no human impact.
- · Furthermore, the assessment of surface waters also includes ecological status.

surface-water-chemicalstatus

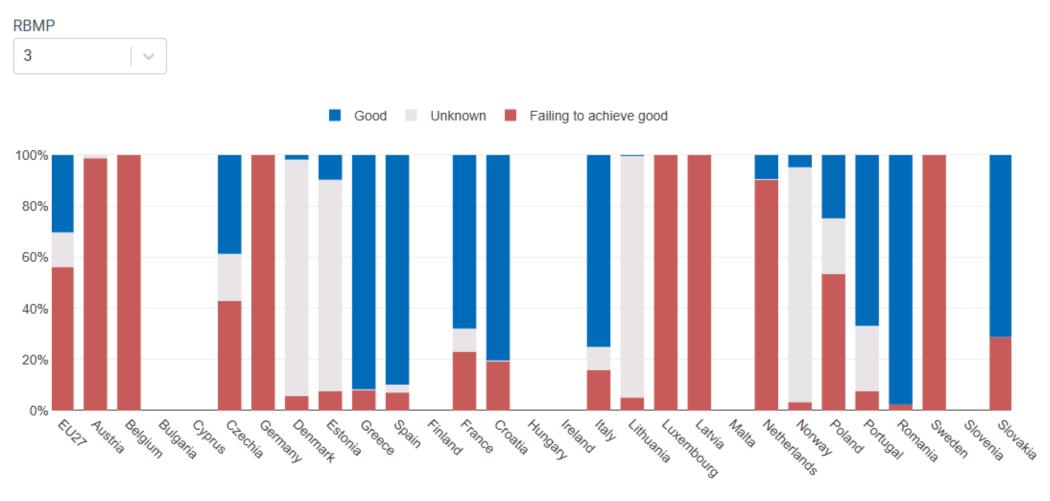


Table of contents

### Chemical status of surface water bodies in the 3rd River Basin Management Plan



### Surface water bodies: chemical status, by country



Note | Sources | More info ⊿



SW chemical status by country

#### Priority substances causing failure to good chemical status

The table shows the priority substance, the number of surface water bodies failing good chemical status for that substance, the number of categories (up to 5, for rivers, lakes, transitional, coastal and territorial waters), and the number of countries reporting that priority substance. The higher the numbers, the more widespread the substance is across Europe. The total number of monitored surface water bodies is 93,280.

It is possible to filter by 2nd or 3rd River Basin Management Plan, EU-27 or country, and by pollutant name.

Mercury and brominated diphenylethers (or "brominated flame retardants") cause large areas of Europe's surface waters to fail to achieve good chemical status.

Substance 
Country (1) 
River Basin Management Plan (1)

Priority substance	Countries	Number of water bodies failing	Number of water body categories
Mercury and its compounds	19	45,504	5
Brominated diphenylethers (congener numbers 28, 47, 99, 100, 153 and 154)	17	45,295	5
Benzo(a)pyrene	17	5,439	5
Fluoranthene	17	2,489	4
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	16	2,190	5
Heptachlor and heptachlor epoxide	11	2,117	5
Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid (PFOS) and its derivatives	18	1,956	5
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	15	1,602	5



Priority substances

## Topics (or Table of contents)





# Groundwater quantitative status

Modified 18 Oct 2024

Image © Sergio Cerrato. Pixabay

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> Europe's Freshwater > Water Framework Directive > Groundwater quantitative status

### A WFD entry page



91% of groundwater area is in good quantitative status The Water Framework Directive requires assessment of the quantitative status of groundwaters. Assessment is based on the changes in groundwater level. If the groundwater resources are overabstracted, so that the amount of water used is more than that which is recharged, the groundwater body fails to meet good quantitative status.

- The quantitative status of groundwater can also fail if ecosystems dependent on groundwater deteriorate owing to there not being enough groundwater.
- The WFD requires that all water bodies be in good status by 2015, or at the latest by 2027. Good status represents the
  water body condition being as it would be with little or no human impact.
- Good status represents the water body condition being as it would be with little or no human impact.

Furthermore, the assessment of groundwaters also includes chemical status.

Quantitative status of groundwater bodies in the 3rd River Basin Management Plan (by area) Table of contents



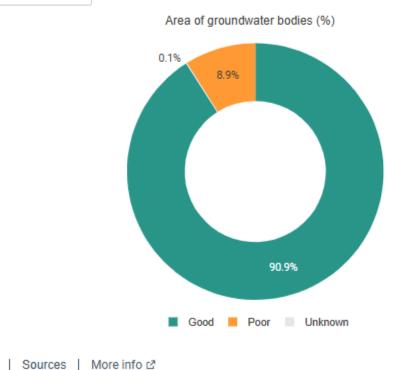
### Quantitative status of groundwater bodies in the 3rd River Basin Management Plan (by area)

This chart shows the proportion of groundwaters in good, failing to achieve good, and unknown quantitative status for the EU-27 or selected country.

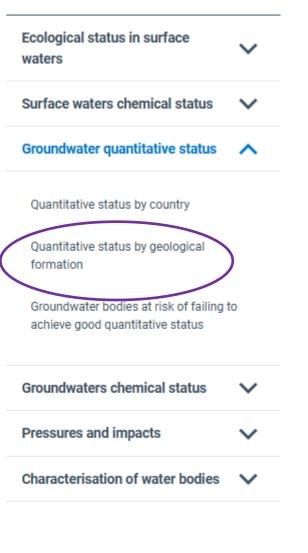
In Europe (EU-27), around 91% of groundwater bodies currently reported (2022) are in good quantitative status.

Country EU27 V

Note









groundwater-quantitative-status

± Download

#### Quantitative status by geological formation

The chart shows the total area of groundwater bodies by quantitative status in porous, fissured, and fractured aquifers. It is possible to select 1st, 2nd and 3rd River Basin Management Plan through the drop down menu.



gency

# Groundwater bodies: quantitative status by geological formation [table]

Dashboard | Modified 12 Oct 2024

Show

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Resources > WISE Freshwater resource catalogue > Water Framework Directive experts da... > Groundwater bodies: quantitative statu...

The tabular dashboard show the quantitative status of European groundwater bodies, by geological formation in the 1st, 2nd and 3rd River Basin Management Plans. It is possible to select and display data from one or more countries, the EU-27 or "All" reporting countries.

Groundwater bodies: Geological formation and Quantitative status

Send your feedback →

Management plan (RBMP)		Porous		Fissured		Fractured		Other	
3rd	*	Good	Poor	Good	Poor	Good	Poor	Good	Poor
Measure	(*)	1 720 303	166 225	1 195 239	143 299	263 119	22 760	367 622	16 548
Area (km²)	* AT	25 7 3 3		68 674		1626			
	BE	27 324	10 4 3 2	8 7 6 9	6.654	12 224	392	629	
Percentage	cz	5 554	954	17 229	2 370			61924	50
none	* DE	141908	15 621	89 566	580	63 294	468	56 675	
Water body delineation	DK	102 531	160	15 472	2785				
(AH)	✓ EE	73 564		25 876	1 101	10170		861	74
	EL	21739	6.971	35719	651	14 263	83	14 575	
Filter by:	ES	113 082	42 132	94 893	29 552	45 563	2 4 3 5	42 694	470
Quantitative status	FR	351 134	48 585	652.057	74993	23 310	6 051	90 083	764
(Multiple values)	+ HR	21718		29.624	63	33		7 119	
(,	п	114 327	18 4 16	36 337	16969	35 386	5918	32.430	3 2 2 6
Aquifertype	LT	51241		12 601		1057			
(Multiple values)	* LU			21		2.875			
Aquifer productivity	LV	90 541				20 809			
(All)	▼ NL	36 365	2 9 9 3	632					
	PL	227 731	15 096	50 0 7 3	2 4 9 4	14169	2 4 0 4		



### groundwater-bodiesquantitative-status-bygeological-formation

## Topics (or Table of contents)





# **Groundwaters chemical status**

Modified 18 Oct 2024

Image C Sergio Cerrato. Pixabay

Europe's Freshwater > Water Framework Directive > Groundwaters chemical status

**WFD** entry page



groundwaterbodies-chemicalstatus

The Water Framework Directive requires assessment of the chemical status of groundwaters. Assessment is based on threshold values. EU-wide thresholds are set for nitrates and pesticides. Countries need to consider other pollutants and set thresholds for those, if they could impact the quality of surface waters such as wetlands or rivers. If concentrations exceed the threshold in a groundwater body, the water body fails to meet good chemical status.

of groundwater area chemical status

- Groundwater chemical status in the WFD refers to the quality of underground water in terms of its chemical composition.
- The Water Framework Directive requires that all water bodies be in good status by 2015, or at the latest by 2027.
- Good status represents the water body condition being as it would be with little or no human impact.

Furthermore, the assessment of groundwaters also includes quantitative status.



< Share

Under the Water Framework Directive, the chemical status of groundwaters is assessed based on the presence of nitrates and pesticides. It is also assessed for substances that put the groundwater body at risk. Threshold values are used to assess status. If the threshold value for substances is exceeded, the water body fails to meet good chemical status. The table shows the pollutant, the number of countries reporting that substance and the area of water bodies failing good chemical status for that substance (km<sup>2</sup>). The higher the numbers, the more widespread the substance is across Europe. It is possible to filter by 2nd or 3rd RBMP, EU-27 or country, and by pollutant name.

Active filters clear all
River Ba

Substance 
Country (1) 
River Basin Management Plan (1)

Mataa

Car

#### Area of groundwater bodies failing Countries Pollutant (in km<sup>2</sup>) 527,504 Nitrate 16 Pesticides (Active substances in pesticides, including their relevant metabolites, degradation 11 374,385 and reaction products) 11 Sulphate 91,638 Ammonium 11 90,756 14 Chloride 71,592 Chloridazon desphenyl 4 58,524 Arsenic and its compounds 10 40.048 9 Electrical conductivity 37,885 6 Phosphate 37,439



1 2 3 4 5  $> \gg$ 

### groundwaterpollutants

### To find all the detailed dashboards https://water.europa.eu/freshwater/resources/metadata/wfd-dashboards

# Water Framework Directive experts dashboards

Page | Modified 11 Oct 2024

Share

Resources > WISE Freshwater resource catalogue > Water Framework Directive experts da...

This section is dedicated to the Water Framework Directive (WFD) experts dashboards related to the WFD section

Dive into the WFD expert dashboards

Surface waters ecological status

Surface waters chemical status

**Groundwaters quantitative status** 



Pressures and impacts

**Characterisation of water bodies** 

groundwaters-chemical-status

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Groundwater bodies: pollutants causing failure [overview chart]

### Groundwater bodies: pollutants causing risk [overview chart]



### Groundwater bodies: pollutants [overview table]

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Groundwater bodies: pollutants [table]

# Groundwater bodies: pollutants - trend reversal [overview chart]

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# Groundwater bodies: pollutants - trend reversal [overview table]

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Groundwater bodies: pollutants upward trend [overview chart] Groundwater bodies: pollutants upward trend [overview table] Groundwater methodology: threshold values for groundwater pollutants...



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### Groundwater bodies: pollutants [table]

Dashboard | Modified 12 Oct 2024

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🗟 > Resources > WISE Freshwater resource catalogue > Water Framework Directive experts da... > Groundwater bodies: pollutants [table]

The tabular dashboard shows, at Country level, the groundwater pollutants identified to assess chemical status of groundwater bodies, for the 1st, 2nd and 3rd cycle of the Water Framework Directive (WFD) - River Basin Management Plan (RBMP). Several filters allow the user to refine the search and explore the data from one or more countries, the EU 27 or "All" reporting countries.

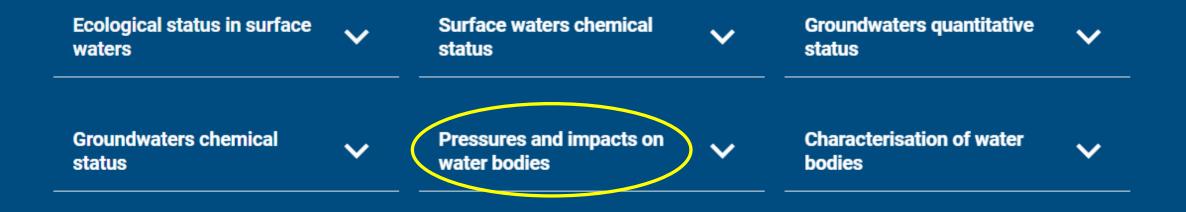
Send your feedback →

	Grou	ndwater bodies: Pollutants		
Vanagement plan (RBMP)	RBMP	Pollutant F		
3rd *			Area (km²) 879 782	100
leasure	3rd	(*)		100
Area (km²) 💌		CAS_14797-55-8 - Nitrate	535 631	
		EEA_34-01-5 - Pesticides (Active substances in pesticides, including their r.		43
Vater body delineation		CAS_18785-72-3 - Sulphate	94 002	11
(AII) •		CAS_14798-03-9 - Ammonium	93 036	11
		CAS_16887-00-6 - Chloride	77 406	9
ilter by:		CAS_6339-19-1 - Chloridazon desphenyl	58 524	7
ollutant		EEA_3142-01-6 - Electrical conductivity	43106	5
(Multiple values) 🔹		EEA_00-00-0 - Other parameter	42 725	5
ausing failure		CAS_7440-38-2 - Arsenic and its compounds	40 048	5
Yes 🔻		CAS_14265-44-2 - Phosphate	37 439	4
		CAS_7440-02-0 - Nickel and its compounds	35 564	4
pward trend		CAS_172960-62-2 - Metazachlor ESA	32 302	4
(Multiple values) 🔹		CAS_6190-65-4 - Desethylatrazine	30 226	3
rend reversal		CAS_2008-58-4 - 2,6-dichlorobenzamide	30 196	3
(Multiple values) 🔻		CAS 25057.89.0. Rentazone	30.180	3
			Area (km²)	
lausing risk	AT	(*)	2 581	100
(Multiple values) 🔹		CAS_14797-55-8 - Nitrate	1214	47
hemical status		EEA_33-77-2 - Dimethachlor CGA 369873	1576	61
(Multiple values) 🔹	BE	(*)	27 305	100
		CAS_14797-55-8 - Nitrate	18 570	68
lquifer type		EEA_34-01-5 - Pesticides (Active substances in pesticides, including their r.	2 489	9
(Multiple values) 🔹		CAS_18785-72-3 - Sulphate	5 976	22
quifer productivity		CAS_14798-03-9 - Ammonium	213	1
(AII) •		CAS_16887-00-6 - Chloride	625	2
V - 7		CAS_6339-19-1 - Chloridazon desphenyl	2 368	9
ilter by spatial unit:		EEA_3142-01-6 - Electrical conductivity	625	2
ountry group		CAS_7440-38-2 - Arsenic and its compounds	537	2
EU27 *		CAS_14265-44-2 - Phosphate	537	2



groundwaterbodiespollutants-table-

## Topics (or Table of contents)





#### Main pressures on surface water in the 3rd River Basin Management Plan

The chart shows the most frequent pressures on surface waters, by the % of the total number of surface water bodies reported. These include:

- Diffuse pollution, such as from agriculture, burning of coal and other organic matter;
- Point source pollution, such as discharges from urban waste water treatment plants, industry;
- Changes to natural flow and physical features, such as river dams, land drainage, dredging (called "hydromorphology" in the Water Framework Directive);
- · Changes to natural flow and physical features, called "hydromorphology" in the WFD, such as river dams, land drainage, dredging;
- Water abstraction, such irrigation, industrial use, drinking water.

Ecological status in surface waters Surface waters chemical status Groundwater quantitative status

> Groundwaters chemical status  $\sim$

 $\sim$ 

 $\sim$ 

Table of contents

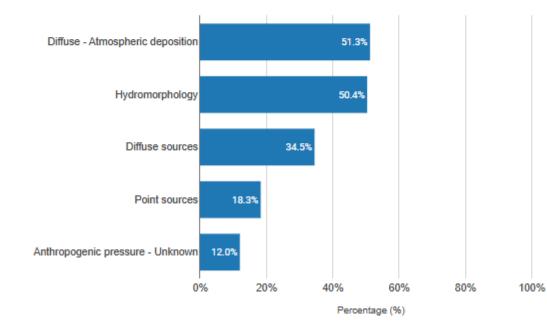
Pressures and impacts  $\sim$ 

Significant impacts on surface water bodies

Significant impacts on groundwater

Characterisation of water bodies 🗸





Sources More info 🖄 Note

Country EU27

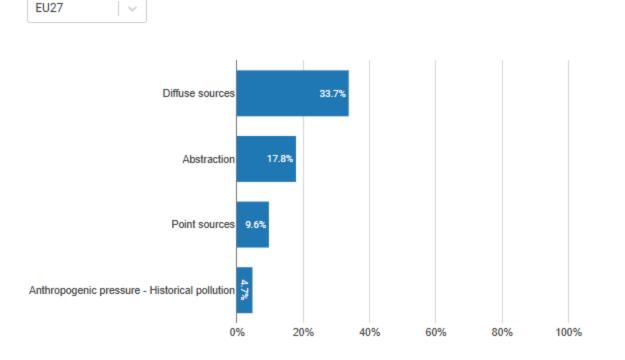
 $\sim$ 

#### Main pressures on groundwater in the 3rd River Basin Management Plan

The chart shows the most frequent pressures on groundwaters, by proportion of total groundwater body area reported. These include:

- · Diffuse pollution, such as from agriculture, urban runoff;
- · Point source pollution, such as from contaminated land;
- · Abstraction, such as removal of water for drinking water, irrigation, industrial use.

#### Country





Note | Sources | More info d

Dive into the expert dashboard  $\rightarrow$ 

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### Topics (or Table of contents)





### **Characterisation of water bodies**

Modified 18 Oct 2024

Image C Sergio Cerrato, Pixabay

< Share

> Europe's Freshwater > Water Framework Directive > Characterisation of water bodies

☆ WFD entry page



over 93,0003.9 million Km2surface watersof groundwater area

Under the Water Framework Directive, countries identify sections of rivers, lakes, transitional and coastal waters and groundwater into units called "water bodies". These are grouped into a river basin district, which is the area of land and sea identified as the main management unit.

Assessment of status is done at the level of the water body.

were monitored for the 3rd River Basin Management Plans

characterisation-of-water-bodies



#### Surface water bodies in the 3rd River Basin Management Plans

"Categories" refers to the different types of surface water - rivers, lakes, transitional and coastal waters. This chart shows the relative proportion of the number of categories of surface water in the EU or country.

Typically, there is a higher proportion of rivers, because these are broken down into many water bodies. Lakes, transitional or coastal waters may cover a large area but not seem significant in the number of water bodies. To further investigate the significance of these categories, use the expert dashboards to look at the area (km<sup>2</sup>) covered.

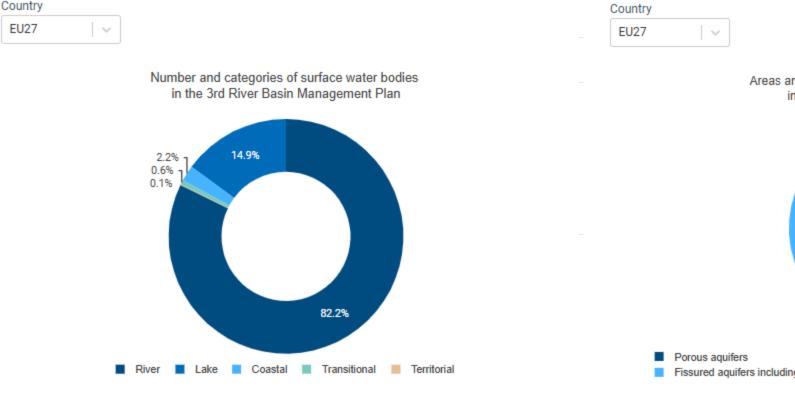
This chart shows the relative proportion of the number of categories of surface water in the EU or country.

#### Groundwater bodies in River Basin Management Plans

The Water Framework Directive is concerned with aquifers which allow a significant flow, or abstraction of, a substantial quantity of groundwater. A groundwater body provides at least 10 m<sup>3</sup> of water per day, or is sufficient to supply at least 50 people, or to maintain ecosystems such as lakes, rivers, and wetlands.

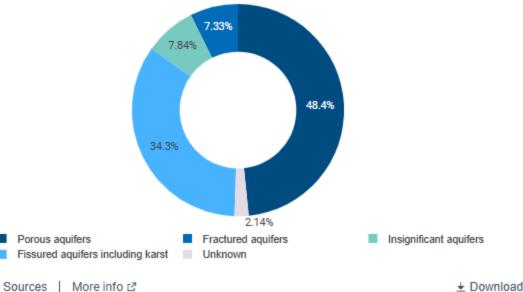
A groundwater body may consist of one or more aquifers. Deep aquifers that do not affect surface ecosystems or are not used for groundwater abstraction need not be identified as groundwater bodies.

This chart shows the proportion of groundwater body area in porous, fractured, fissured and other aquifers for the EU-27 or selected country.



Note





### Surface water bodies: Number and Size

[table] Dashboard | Modified 12 Oct 2024

< Share Download

🟠 > Resources > WISE Freshwater resource catalogue > Water Framework Directive experts da... > Surface water bodies: Number and Siz...

The dashboard shows the numbers and size (areas and length) of the European surface water bodies. Several filters allow the user to explore the data for the 1st, 2nd and 3rd cycle of the Water Framework Directive (WFD) - River Basin Management Plan (RBMP). It is possible to select and display data from one or more countries, the EU 27 or "All" reporting countries.

Send your feedback →

		Surrace	, water bou	ics. Numb						
Management plan (RBMP)			Number	Number (%)	Length (km)	Length (%)	Median (km)	Area (km²)	Area (%)	Median (km²)
Brd	٠	*	93 280	100.0%	993 567	100.0%	7.2	595 149	100.0%	1.2
Water body delineation		AT	8178	8.8%	32135	3.2%	2.7	523	0.196	1.5
(AII)	Ŧ	BE	560	0.6%	9 3 7 5	0.9%	13.0	1 5 2 5	0.3%	0.7
		CZ	1118	1.2%	18149	1.8%	15.0	268	0.0%	2.0
Filter by:		DE	9 7 4 4	10.496	136 849	13.8%	8.8	26139	4.4%	1.3
Water body category		DK	7 812	8.4%	18 582	1.9%	1.9	44 275	7.4%	0.1
(Multiple values)	¥	EE	746	0.8%	11758	1.2%	14.9	27 186	4.6%	1.3
,,		EL	1188	1.3%	9 478	1.0%	7.8	31 468	5.3%	46.1
Water body type		ES	5 465	5.9%	79 343	8.0%	13.4	27 307	4.6%	1.4
(Multiple values)	۳	FR	11 406	12.2%	243788	24.5%	12.9	35 492	6.0%	2.1
		HR	1978	2.1%	18 584	1.9%	8.3	31867	5.4%	1.4
Filter by spatial unit:		IT	7 7 7 3	8.3%	78 589	7.9%	8.6	145 775	24.5%	6.8
Country group		LT	1 1 9 4	1.3%	11777	1.2%	9.3	3 0 6 3	0.5%	1.0
EU27	٠	LU	106	0.195	1142	0.1%	8.8	55	0.0%	27.5
Country		LV	780	0.8%	11953	1.2%	21.7	11 620	2.0%	1.0
(AII)	¥	NL	745	0.8%	4839	0.5%	13.7	15 492	2.6%	0.3
foul		PL	4 2 4 0	4.5%	107 322	10.8%	22.8	5 4 4 1	0.9%	1.0
River basin district (RBD)		PT	2 0 5 6	2.2%	24041	2.4%	8.2	66 556	11.2%	3.9
(AII)	٠	RO	3 0 2 6	3.2%	73 885	7.4%	14.7	7 080	1.2%	1.9

#### Surface water bodies: Number and Size Show:

SE

SK

\*

Sub-unit

(AII)

1) River basin districts and sub-units according to the latest reported data.

23 814

1351

2) 'Unchanged' water bodies are water bodies that have not been redelineated since first reported.

25.5%

1.496

3) For river water bodies, the size value is the length (km). For other water body categories, the size value is the area (km²).

84580

17399

8.5%

1.8%

3.5

10.1

113 884

131

19.1%

0.0%

European Environment Agency

surface-water-bodies-number-and-size-table

1.2

1.0



### When using the dashboards... I

Show:	
Management plan (RBMP)	
3rd	•
Measure	
Number	•
Water body delineation	
(AII)	•
Filter by:	
Water body category	
(Multiple values)	•
Water body type	
(Multiple values)	•
Filter by spatial unit:	
Country group	
EU27	•
Country	
(AII)	•
River basin district (RBD)	
(AII)	•
Sub-unit	
(AII)	•

Standard filters allow you to choose (e.g.):

### Between RBMPs

- Number / length (km) / area (km2)
- All/unchanged waterbodies
- Surface water body categories and types / Groundwater body aquifer type and productivity
- EU 27 countries / Other
- Countries
- River basin districts and sub units



Depending on the dashboard, other filters can allow you to choose (e.g.):

- Between status (ecological / chemical ; quantitative / chemical)
- With / without unknowns
- Causing failure eg <u>Priority substances</u>, <u>groundwater pollutants</u>
- Pressure type group and pressure type eg <u>SW pressures</u>



Use the numbers as they are in the dashboards: avoid calculations\* based on the data because of the risks of double counting etc

(\*OK to calculate percentages based on number/size of waterbodies)

Some features of the tableau dashboards allow investigation eg <u>Ecological and chemical status</u>



## Next up: the EEA's Data Discovery platform (DISCODATA)



### Discodata - discodata.eea.europa.eu

✓ S DISCODATA × +	– 0 ×
← → C 😇 discodata.eea.europa.eu	☆ 🛛 😩 :
<b>₩</b> Discodata	Login 🚱 Help
Database explorer	Query window
> SAirQualityDataFlows	Type of request
> SAirQualityIndicators	Query
> S BISE	SQL Source
> ScataloguePolicyEvaluations	Write your SQL-query here For more information in SQL go here https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/queries/select-examples-transact-sql?view=sql-server-20
> SCO2Emission	Select top 1000 * from
> 🛢 DigitalWater	
> SE EUNIS	
> S FISE	
> S Floods2018	
S SHGPAMS	
> SIED	Submit
➤ ■ МарМуТree	Submit query to see the URL
> SMarineLitterWatch	
> 🛢 metadata	
> Satura2000	
> S NCCAPS	

↓ Scroll down to WISE\_WFD, expand to 'latest'



### Discodata – Expand database to see tables

<b>₩</b> ⊇ Discodata		Login 🔞 Help
✓ S WISE_WFD	*	Query window
> v1r1	н.	Type of request
> v2r1	L	Query
> v1	ł.	SQL Source
✓ latest		Write your SQL-query here For more information in SQL go here https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/queries/select-examples-transact-sql?view=sql-server-20
> GWB_GroundWaterBody		Select top 1000 * from
GWB_GroundWaterBody_GWAssociatedProtectedArea		
> GWB_GroundWaterBody_GWAssociatedProtectedArea_protectedAreaExempti		
GWB_GroundWaterBody_gwChemicalReasonsForFailure		
GWB_GroundWaterBody_GWPollutant		
GWB_GroundWaterBody_GWPollutant_GWChemicalExemptionType		
GWB_GroundWaterBody_GWPollutant_gwPollutantOther		Submit
GWB_GroundWaterBody_gwQuantitativeExemptionPressure		Submit query to see the URL
GWB_GroundWaterBody_gwQuantitativeExemptionType		
GWB_GroundWaterBody_gwQuantitativeReasonsForFailure		

- > GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwReasonsForRiskQuantitative
- > GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwSignificantImpactOther

European Environment Agency

### Discodata – options for accessing data

#### **W** Discodata Login 🕜 Help Click the three dots on the right-hand side of a table to open options GWB\_GroundWaterBody Query window × ✓ v2r1 Type of request > GWB\_GroundWaterBody Query i External metadata ¥ GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_GWAssoci > Information regarding the delineation and GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_GWAssoci > SQL Source characterisation of groundwater bodies should be reported at groundwater body level using GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwChemic > the schema GWB. Information regarding the GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_GWPolluta pressures and impacts on groundwater bodies > should be reported at groundwater body level GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_GWPolluta > using the schema GWB. Information regarding the quantitative status of groundwater bodies GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_GWPolluta > should be reported at groundwater body level GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwQuanti > using the schema GWB. Information regarding the chemical status of groundwater bodies GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwQuanti > should be reported at groundwater body level using the schema GWB. GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwQuanti > Submit GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwReasor > Select top 100 rows 🛓 Download GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwSignific > Submit guery to see the URL Сору • Open table viewer GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwSignific > GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwSignific > GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwSignific >

- GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_linkSurfac
- > GWMET\_GWExemptions
- > GWMET\_GWExemptions\_gwDispro;
- > GWMET\_GWExemptions\_gwDispro;
- > GWMET\_GWExemptions\_gwDisprot

### Discodata – use SQL query to examine data

#### **W** Discodata

- > SWISE\_BWD
- > SWISE Indicators
- > SWISE Marine
- > SWISE\_ShippingsPorts\_Measures

table

Information regarding the

delineation and characterisation of

groundwater bodies should be reported at

groundwater body level using the schema

GWB. Information regarding the pressures

should be reported at groundwater body level using the schema GWB. Information

groundwater body level using the schema

GWB. Information regarding the chemical status of groundwater bodies should be

reported at groundwater body level using

the schema GWB.

📩 Download

</>>Select top 100 rows

Open table viewer

and impacts on groundwater bodies

regarding the guantitative status of groundwater bodies should be reported at

- > SWISE SOE
- ✓ WISE WFD
- > v2r1
- > v1
- latest
- GWB\_GroundWaterBody
- > GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_GWA
- GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_GWA
- GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwCl
- > GWB GroundWaterBody GWP
- GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_GWP
- GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_GWP

#### GWB\_GroundWaterBody(x) Ouerv window

-		
Тур	e of request	

$\sim$		_	_			

Query

#### SQL Source

#### SELECT TOP 100 \* FROM [WISE WFD].[latest].[GWB GroundWaterBody]

Submit

Submit query to see the URL





Сору

Help Login

### Discodata – use SQL query, example

GWB\_GroundWaterBody(x)

groundwater bodies should be reported at

groundwater body level using the schema GWB. Information regarding the pressures

should be reported at groundwater body

level using the schema GWB. Information

groundwater bodies should be reported at groundwater body level using the schema

GWB. Information regarding the chemical status of groundwater bodies should be

reported at groundwater body level using

the schema GWB.

La Download

Select top 100 rows

Open table viewer

delineation and characterisation of

and impacts on groundwater bodies

regarding the quantitative status of

Information regarding the

table

#### **₩** Discodata

 $\sim$ 

#### > SWISE\_BWD

- WISE\_Indicators
- > SWISE\_Marine
- Sector Strategy St
- > SWISE\_SOE
- ✓ WISE\_WFD
- > v2r1
- **>** v1
- ✓ latest
- ✓ GWB\_GroundWaterBody
  - CArea decimal
  - CountryCode nvarchar
  - 📄 countryGroup varchar
  - countryName nvarchar
  - CYear int
  - euGroundWaterBodyCode nvarchar
  - euRBDCode nvarchar
  - 📄 fileUrl nvarchar
  - geologicalFormation nvarchar
  - groundWaterBodyName nvarchar
  - 📄 groundwaterBodyTransboundary m
  - gwAtRiskChemical nvarchar
  - 📄 gwAtRiskQuantitative nvarchar

#### Query window

Type of request

Query

SQL Source

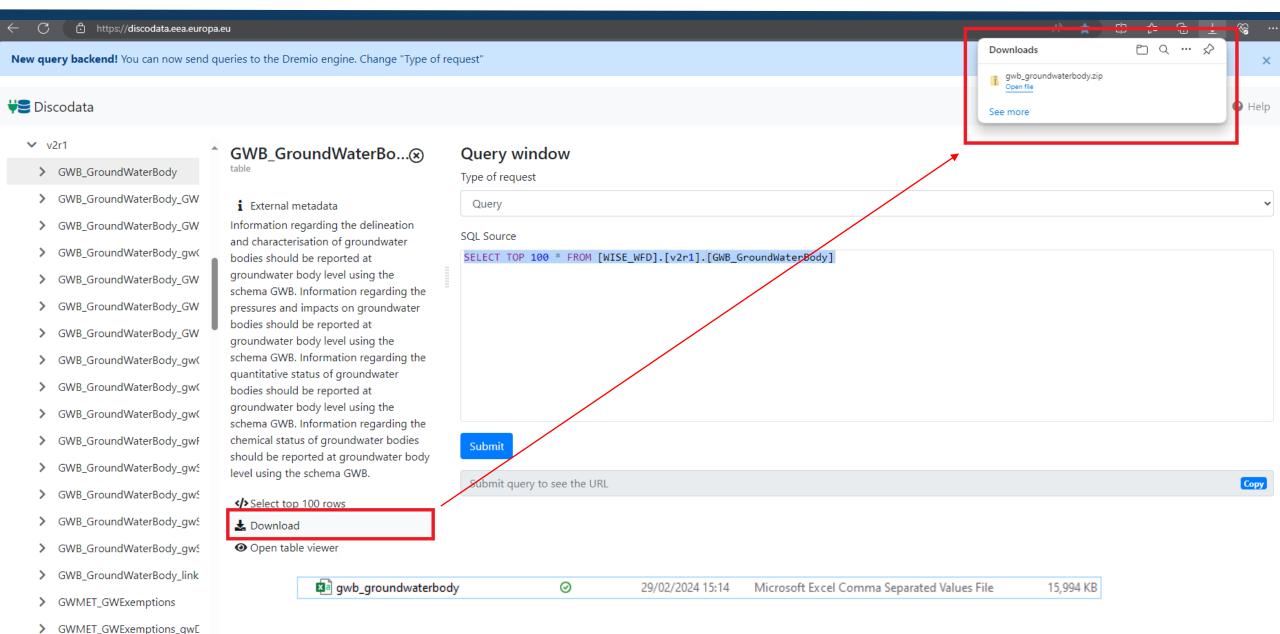
#### SELECT countryCode, COUNT(DISTINCT euGroundWaterBodyCode) nGWB FROM [WISE\_WFD].[latest].[GWB\_GroundWaterBody] WHERE cYear = '2022' AND hasDescriptiveData = '1' GROUP BY countryCode ORDER BY countryCode

Submit

https://discodata.eea.europa.eu/sql?query=SELECT%20countryCode%2C%20COUNT(DISTINCT%20euGroundWaterBodyCode)%20nGWB%0AFROM%20%5BWI

Table view	Raw response	
Previous 1	Next	Î
countryCode		nGWB
AT		142
BE		81
CZ		174
DE		1291
DK		2050

### Discodata – download (full table)



CWMET CWEvernations awe

### Discodata – Open table viewer to browse and filter

#### **W** Discodata Login 🕜 Help GWB\_GroundWaterBody(x) Query window WISE\_WFD table Type of request > v2 Information regarding the delineation and characterisation of Query ~ > v2r1 groundwater bodies should be reported at groundwater body level using the schema SQL Source latest GWB. Information regarding the pressures SELECT countryCode, COUNT(DISTINCT euGroundWaterBodyCode) nGWB > GWB\_GroundWaterBody and impacts on groundwater bodies FROM [WISE WFD].[latest].[GWB GroundWaterBody] WHERE cYear = '2022' should be reported at groundwater body GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_GWA AND hasDescriptiveData = '1' level using the schema GWB. Information GROUP BY countryCode regarding the quantitative status of GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_GWA ORDER BY countryCode groundwater bodies should be reported at GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwCl groundwater body level using the schema GWB. Information regarding the chemical GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_GWP status of groundwater bodies should be reported at groundwater body level using GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_GWP the schema GWB. > GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_GWP Submit Select top 100 rows GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwQ 🛓 Download > GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwQ Submit query to see the URL Сору Open table viewer GWB\_GroundWaterBody\_gwQ



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### Discodata – Open table viewer to browse and filter

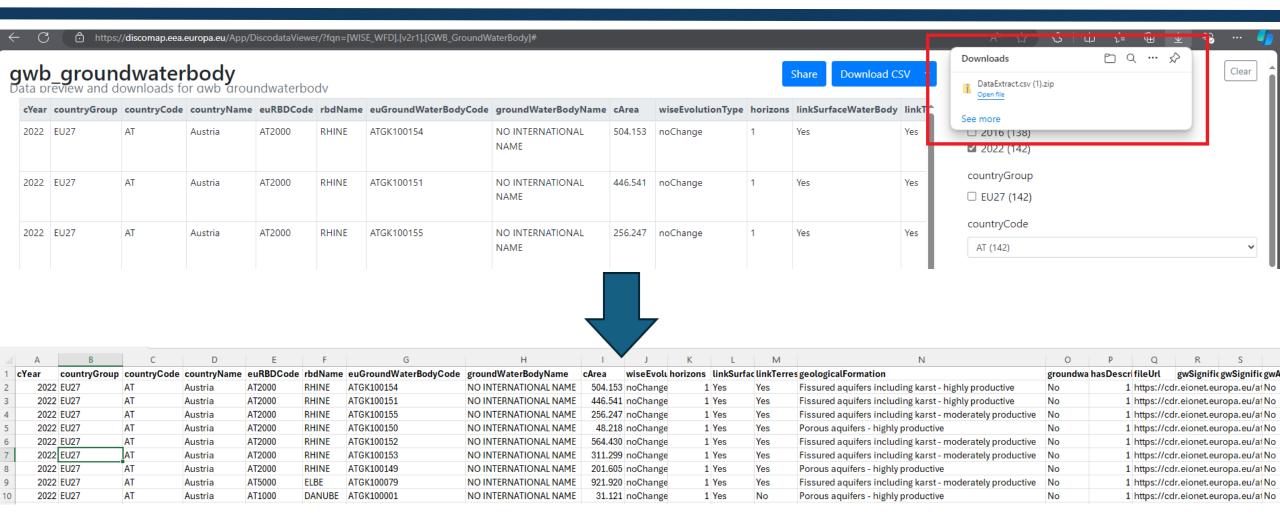
:Year	countryGroup	countryCode	countryName	euRBDCode	rbdName	euGroundWaterBodyCode	groundWaterBodyName	cArea	wiseEvolutionType	horizons	linkSurfaceWaterBody	linkT
2022	EU27	AT	Austria	AT2000	RHINE	ATGK100154	NO INTERNATIONAL NAME	504.153	noChange	1	Yes	Yes  2016 (138) 2022 (142)
2022	EU27	AT	Austria	AT2000	RHINE	ATGK100151	NO INTERNATIONAL NAME	446.541	noChange	1	Yes	Yes countryGroup
2022	EU27	AT	Austria	AT2000	RHINE	ATGK100155	NO INTERNATIONAL NAME	256.247	noChange	1	Yes	Yes AT (142)
2022	EU27	AT	Austria	AT2000	RHINE	ATGK100150	NO INTERNATIONAL NAME	48.218	noChange	1	Yes	Yes AT (142) BE (81)
2022	EU27	AT	Austria	AT2000	RHINE	ATGK100152	NO INTERNATIONAL NAME	564.43	noChange	1	Yes	BG (169)           CY (22)           CZ (174)           DE (1291)
2022	EU27	AT	Austria	AT2000	RHINE	ATGK100153	NO INTERNATIONAL NAME	311.299	noChange	1	Yes	Yes DK (2050) EE (31) EL (588)
2022	EU27	AT	Austria	AT2000	RHINE	ATGK100149	NO INTERNATIONAL NAME	201.605	noChange	1	Yes	ES (804) Yes FR (689) HR (51)
2022	EU27	AT	Austria	AT5000	ELBE	ATGK100079	NO INTERNATIONAL NAME	921.92	noChange	1	Yes	Yes HU (185) IE (514) IS (313)
2022	EU27	AT	Austria	AT1000	DANUBE	ATGK100001	NO INTERNATIONAL NAME	31.121	noChange	1	Yes	No IT (1007) LT (20)
2022	EU27	AT	Austria	AT1000	DANUBE	ATGK100011	NO INTERNATIONAL NAME	280.997	change	1	Yes	Yes LU (6) LV (25)



### Example: Filtering to GWBs from AT in WFD2022

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### Discodata – Open table viewer to browse and filter



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Download filtered result as CSV, unzip and open in Excel

**Thanks for listening** 

# **Questions, Comments?**



Thanks to: Country Reporters DG ENV EEA Data and Water Teams ETC BE Tracasa